



BBC Chartering[®]

BOOKING NOTE

BBC Chartering & Logistic GmbH & Co. KG
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Agents (full style and address)		Place and date
Carrier (full style and address)		
Merchant* (full style and address)		Vessel
		Time for shipment (about)
		Port of loading**
		Port of discharge

Container No./Seal No./Marks and Numbers (if available)	Number and kind of packages; description of cargo	Gross weight, kg (if available)	Measurement, m ³ (if available)
<h1>SAMPLE</h1>			

Freight details and charges	Freight (state prepayable or payable at destination)
	Daily detention and/or demurrage rate

Special terms, if agreed (including Liner Terms or F.I.O.S. Terms for loading/discharging)
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It is hereby agreed that this Contract shall be performed subject to the terms contained on Page 1 and 2 hereof, which shall prevail over any previous arrangements and which shall in turn be superseded (except as to dead freight) by the terms of the Bill of Lading.

Signature (Merchant)	Signature (Carrier)
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*As defined hereinafter (Clause 1) ** (or so near thereunto as the Vessel may safely get and lie always afloat)

Bill of Lading Terms and Conditions



1. Definition

"Merchant" includes the shipper, the receiver, the consignee, the holder of the Bill of Lading, the owner of the cargo and any person entitled to possession of the cargo.

2. Notification

Any mention in this Bill of Lading of parties to be notified of the arrival of the cargo is solely for the information of the Carrier and failure to give such notification shall not involve the Carrier in any liability nor relieve the Merchant of any obligation hereunder.

3. Liability under the Contract

(a) Unless otherwise provided herein, the Hague Rules contained in the International Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules Relating to Bills of Lading, dated Brussels the 25th August 1924 as enacted in the country of shipment shall apply to this contract. When no such enactment is in force in the country of shipment, the corresponding legislation of the country of destination shall apply. In respect of shipments to which there are no such enactments compulsorily applicable, the terms of Articles I-VIII inclusive of said Convention shall apply.

In trades where the International Brussels Convention 1924 as amended by the Protocol signed at Brussels on 23rd February 1968 ("The Hague-Visby Rules") apply compulsorily, the provisions of the respective legislation shall be considered incorporated in this Bill of Lading.

Where the Hague Rules or part of them or the Hague-Visby Rules apply to carriage under this contract, the applicable rules, or part of them, shall likewise apply to the period before loading and after discharge where the Carrier (or his agent) have custody or control of cargo

Unless otherwise provided herein, the Carrier shall in no case be responsible for loss of or damage to deck cargo and/or live animals. Unless otherwise stated herein, the Protocol signed at Brussels on 21st December 1979 (the SDR Protocol 1979) shall apply

(b) The carrier shall under no circumstances be liable for consequential losses.

If the Carrier is held liable in respect of delay, consequential loss or damage other than loss of or damage to the cargo, the liability of the Carrier shall be limited to the freight for the carriage covered by this Bill of Lading, or to the limitation amount as determined in sub-clause 3(a), whichever is the lesser.

(c) The aggregate liability of the Carrier and/or any of his servants, agents or independent contractors under this Contract shall, in no circumstances, exceed the limits of liability for the total loss of the cargo under sub-clause 3(a) or, if applicable, Additional Clauses.

4. Law and Jurisdiction

Any dispute arising under or in connection with this Bill of Lading shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the High Court of Justice, London, and English Law shall apply except as provided elsewhere herein.

5. The Scope of Carriage

The intended carriage shall not be limited to the direct route but shall be deemed to include any proceeding or returning to or stopping or slowing down at or off any ports or places for any reasonable purpose connected with the carriage including bunkering, loading discharging or other cargo operations and maintenance of vessel and crew. The carrier shall have the liberty of restowing the cargo and loading and discharging other cargoes for the account of other Merchants for ports enroute or not enroute to ports enroute or not enroute.

6. Substitution of Vessel

The Carrier shall be at liberty to carry the cargo or part thereof to the port of discharge by the said or other vessel or vessels either belonging to the Carrier or others, or by other means of transport, proceeding either directly or indirectly to such port.

7. Transhipment

The Carrier shall be at liberty to tranship land and store the cargo either on shore or afloat and reship and forward the same to the port of discharge at Carrier's expense but at Merchant's risk.

8. Lighterage

Any lighterage in or off ports of loading or ports of discharge to be for the risk and account of the Merchant.

9. Liability for Pre- and On-Carriage

When the Carrier arranges pre-carriage of the cargo from a place other than the vessel's port of loading or on-carriage of the cargo to a place other than the vessel's port of discharge, the Carrier shall contract as the Merchant's Agent only and the Carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising during any part of the carriage other than between the port of loading and the port of discharge even though the freight for the whole carriage has been collected by him.

10. Loading and Discharging

(a) Loading and discharging of the cargo shall be arranged by the Carrier or his Agent unless otherwise agreed.

(b) The Merchant shall, at his risk and expense, handle and/or store the cargo before loading and after discharging.

(c) Loading and discharging may commence without prior notice.

(d) The Merchant or his Agent shall tender the cargo when the vessel is ready to load and as fast as the vessel can receive, including, if required by the Carrier, outside ordinary working hours notwithstanding any custom of the port. If the Merchant or his Agent fails to tender the cargo when the vessel is ready to load or fails to load as fast as the vessel can receive the cargo, the Carrier shall be relieved of any obligation to load such cargo, the vessel shall be entitled to leave the port without further notice and the Merchant shall be liable to the Carrier for dead freight and/or any overtime charges, losses, costs and expenses incurred by the Carrier and in addition the Merchant shall be liable to pay the Carrier detention at the rate USD 15,000 per day (or such other sum as is stated on the face of the Bill of Lading) for the period of any delay.

(e) The Merchant or his Agent shall take delivery of the cargo as fast as the vessel can discharge including, if required by the Carrier, outside ordinary working hours notwithstanding any custom of the port. If the Merchant or his Agent fails to take delivery of the cargo the Carrier's discharging of the cargo shall be deemed fulfilment of the contract of carriage. Should the cargo not be applied for within a reasonable time, the Carrier may sell the same privately or by auction.

If the Merchant or his Agent fails to take delivery of the cargo as fast as the Vessel can discharge, the Merchant shall be liable to the Carrier for any overtime charges, losses, costs and expenses incurred by the Carrier and in addition the Merchant shall be liable to pay the Carrier detention at the rate USD 15,000 per day (or such

other sum as is stated on the face of the Bill of Lading) for the period of any delay. All delivery takes place at the end of the vessel's hook unless otherwise specified.

(f) The Merchants shall be responsible for providing all necessary equipment for loading and discharging, including spreader bars, lifting frames, slings and saddles.

(g) The securing of the cargo to be accomplished to Master's satisfaction. The time and expense of additional cargo securing required by the Merchant or Merchant's representative to be for Merchant's account.

(h) The Merchant shall accept his reasonable proportion of unidentified loose cargo.

(i) Cargo contracted to be carried on terms free in/liner out or liner in/free out, shall be loaded and/or discharged at the costs, expense, risk and responsibility of the Merchant, who shall be liable to the Carrier for the actions, omissions and negligence of the stevedores, whom the Merchant shall appoint and pay for. Laytime as per Booking Note. Demurrage shall be paid at the rate of USD15,000 per day (or such other sum as is stated on the face of the Bill of Lading).

(j) Notice of Readiness may be tendered on arrival, at any time, day or night, all weekend days and whether in port or not, whether in berth or not, whether customs cleared or not, whether in free pratique or not.

11. Freight, Charges, Costs, Expenses, Duties, Taxes and Fines

(a) Freight, whether paid or not, shall be considered as fully earned and due upon loading and non-returnable in any event. Unless otherwise specified, freight and/or charges under this Contract are payable by the Merchant to the Carrier on demand. Interest at Libor (or its successor) plus 2 per cent shall run from fourteen days after the date when freight and charges are payable.

(b) The Merchant shall be liable for all costs and expenses of fumigation, gathering and sorting loose cargo and weighing on board, repairing damage to and replacing of packing due to excepted causes, and any extra handling of the cargo for any of the aforementioned reasons. The Merchant shall be specifically liable for all costs, expenses, losses and liabilities incurred due to non-approved or contaminated or infested dunnage supplied by Merchants including all costs of transporting the cargo to another port, if required.

(c) The Merchant shall be liable for any dues, duties, taxes and charges that under any denomination may be levied, inter alia, on the basis of freight, weight or measurement of cargo or tonnage of the vessel.

(d) The Merchant shall be liable for all fines, penalties, costs, expenses and/or losses that the Carrier, vessel or cargo may incur through non-observance of Customs House and/or import or export regulations.

(e) The Carrier is entitled in case of incorrect declaration of contents, weights, measurements or value of the cargo to claim double the amount of freight that would have been due if such declaration had been correctly given. For the purpose of ascertaining the actual facts, the Carrier shall have the right to obtain from the Merchant the original invoice and to have the cargo inspected and its contents, weight, measurement or value verified.

(f) Any additional insurance premium charged by vessel's underwriters for breaching trading limitations (IWL) or war risk exclusions to be for Merchant's account.

12. Lien

The Carrier shall have a lien on all cargo for any amount due (including freight, detention, demurrage, and other costs or expenses) under this Contract and other contracts between the Merchant and the Carrier and costs of recovering the same (including attorney's fees) and shall be entitled to sell the cargo privately or by auction to satisfy any claims or liens at the specified discharge port or other port.

13. General Average and Salvage

General Average to be adjusted at any port or place at Carrier's option and to be settled according to the York-Antwerp Rules 1994, or any modification thereof, in respect of all cargo whether carried on or under deck. In the event of accident, danger, damage or disaster before or after commencement of the voyage resulting from any cause whatsoever, whether due to negligence or not, for which or for the consequence of which the Carrier is not responsible by statute, contract or otherwise, the Merchant shall contribute with the Carrier in General Average to the payment of any sacrifice, losses or expenses of a General Average nature that may be made or incurred, and shall pay salvage and special charges incurred in respect of the cargo. If a salving vessel is owned or operated by the Carrier, salvage shall be paid for as fully as if the salving vessel or vessels belonged to strangers.

14. Both-to-Blame Collision Clause (This clause to remain in force even if unenforceable in the Courts of the United States of America)

If the vessel comes into collision with another vessel as a result of the negligence of the other vessel and any act, negligence or default of the Master, Mariner, Pilot or the servants of the Carrier in the navigation or in the management of the vessel, the Merchant will indemnify the Carrier against all loss or liability to the other or non-carrying vessel or her Owner in so far as such loss or liability represents loss of or damage to or any claim whatsoever of the owner of the cargo paid or payable by the other or non-carrying vessel or her Owner to the owner of said cargo and set-off, recouped or recovered by the other or non-carrying vessel or her Owner as part of his claim against the carrying vessel or Carrier. The foregoing provisions shall also apply where the Owner, operator or those in charge of any vessel or vessels or objects other than, or in addition to the colliding vessels or objects are at fault in respect of a collision or contact.

15. Government Directions, War, Epidemics, Ice, Strikes, etc.

(a) The Master and the Carrier shall have liberty to comply with any order or directions or recommendations in connection with the transport under this Contract given by any Government or Authority, or anybody acting or purporting to act on behalf of such Government or Authority, or having under the terms of the insurance on the vessel the right to give such orders or directions or recommendations.

(b) Should it appear that the performance of the transport would expose the vessel or any cargo on board to risk of seizure or damage or delay in consequence of war, warlike operations,

blockade, riots, civil commotion or piracy, or any person on board to the risk of loss of life or freedom, or that any such risk has increased, the Master may discharge the cargo at port of loading or any other safe and convenient port.

(c) Should it appear that epidemics, quarantine, ice, labour troubles, labour obstructions, strikes, lockouts (whether on board or on shore), difficulties in loading or discharging would prevent the vessel from leaving the port of loading or reaching or entering the port of discharge

or there discharging in the usual manner and departing therefrom, all of which safely and without unreasonable delay, the Master may discharge the cargo at the port of loading or any other safe and convenient port.

(d) The discharge, under the provisions of this Clause, of any cargo shall be deemed due fulfilment of the contract of carriage.

(e) If in connection with the exercise of any liberty under this clause any extra expenses are incurred they shall be paid by the Merchant in addition to the freight, together with return freight, if any, and a reasonable compensation for any extra services rendered to the cargo.

16. Defences and Limits of Liability for the Carrier, Servants, Agents and Managers

(a) It is hereby expressly agreed that no servant, agent or manager of the Carrier (which for the purpose of this Clause includes every independent contractor from time to time employed by the Carrier) shall in any circumstances whatsoever be under any liability whatsoever to the Merchant under this Contract of carriage for any loss, damage or delay of whatsoever kind arising or resulting directly or indirectly from any act, neglect or default on his part while acting in the course of or in connection with his employment.

(b) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions in this Clause, every exemption from liability, limitation, condition and liberty herein contained and every right, defence and immunity of whatsoever nature applicable to the Carrier or to which the Carrier is entitled, shall also be available and shall extend to protect every such servant, agent or Manager of the Carrier acting as aforesaid.

(c) The Merchant undertakes that no claim shall be made against any servant, agent or manager of the Carrier and, if any claim should nevertheless be made, to indemnify the Carrier against all consequences thereof.

(d) For the purpose of all the foregoing provisions of this clause the Carrier is or shall be deemed to be acting as agent or trustee on behalf of and for the benefit of all persons who might be his servants or agents from time to time and all such persons shall to this extent be or be deemed to be parties to this Contract of carriage.

17. Stowage

(a) The Carrier shall have the right to stow by means of containers, trailers, transportable tanks, flats, pallets or similar articles of transport used to consolidate goods.

(b) The Carrier shall have the right to carry containers, trailers, transportable tanks and covered flats, whether stowed by the Carrier or received by him in a stowed condition from the Merchant, on or under deck without notice to the Merchant.

18. Packaging

The Merchant is responsible for providing cargo that is properly packed and internally secured for ocean transportation, and that all centres of gravity are marked, proper skids are attached and, if required, all cradles used for securing the cargo are fit for the purpose and the cargo is properly secured within the cradles. The Merchant shall fit the cargo and/or cradles as appropriate with suitable lifting lugs and sufficient lashing points for the cargo and/or cradle to be properly secured. If cargo is not flat at the bottom, the Merchant is to provide a detailed footprint sketch prior to loading. Any special dunnaging is to be for the Merchant's account.

19. Shipper-Packed Containers, Trailers, Transportable Tanks, Flats, Pallets and similar articles

The Carrier shall not be responsible for loss of or damage to contents of a container whatsoever when the container has not been filled, packed or stowed by the Carrier. The Merchant shall cover any loss, damage or expense incurred by the Carrier when caused by negligent filling, packing or stowing of the container, or the contents being unsuitable for carriage in a container. The same applies with respect of trailers, tanks, flats, pallets and other similar articles of transport used to consolidate goods.

SPECIAL CLAUSES

A. Detention

In addition to Clauses 10(d) and (e), detention shall also be paid, at the same rate, for any delay in waiting for berth at or off the port, including time lost due to swell or tide. Each Merchant shall be liable towards the Carrier for a proportionate part of the total detention due based upon its total payable freight on the cargo.

No Merchant shall be liable for detention arising only in connection with cargo belonging to other Merchant.

B. U.S. Trade. Period of Responsibility

(i) In case the Contract evidenced by this Bill of Lading is subject to the U.S. Carriage of Goods by Sea Act of the United States of America 1936 (U.S. COGSA), then the provisions stated in said Act shall govern before loading, and after discharge and throughout the entire time the cargo is in the Carrier's custody and in which event freight shall be payable on the cargo coming into the Carrier's custody. For US trades, the terms on file with the U.S. Federal Maritime Commission shall apply to such shipments.

(ii) If the U.S. COGSA applies, and unless the nature and value of the cargo has been declared by the shipper before the cargo has been handed over to the Carrier and inserted in this Bill of Lading, the Carrier shall in no event be or become liable for any loss or damage to the cargo in any amount exceeding USD500 per package or customary freight unit.

C. US Security Clause

If the vessel calls in the United States, including any US territory, the following provisions shall apply with respect to any applicable regulations or measures:

Unless caused by the Carrier's negligence, any delay suffered or time lost in obtaining the entry and exit clearances from the relevant US authorities shall count as time of detention.

Any expenses or additional fees relating to the cargo, even if levied against the vessel, that arise out of security measures imposed at the loading and/or discharging port shall be for the Merchants' account.